

SOCKET &SEE™

MFT5000

multifunction installation tester

Instruction Manual & Specification

Optional
personalised
splash screen



Introduction

The Socket and See MFT5000 Multifunction Installation Tester has been designed and built to the highest standards providing you with a safe and simple solution to your test requirements.

The MFT5000 tester is used to verify the safety of Commercial, Domestic and Industrial installations. All testing is required to meet BS7671. The MFT5000 covers all aspects of these requirements with ease of use and safety in mind.

Conformance with Standards

This tester complies with all the latest UK and European regulations.

This tester has been tested according to the following regulations:

- ✓ BS EN 61010-2-030:2010 - Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. Particular requirements for testing and measuring circuits.
- ✓ BS EN 61326-2-2:2013 - Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. Particular requirements for portable test, measuring and monitoring equipment used in low-voltage distribution systems.
- ✓ BS EN 61557:2007 - Electrical safety in low voltage distribution systems up to 1000V AC. and 1500V DC. Equipment for testing, measuring or monitoring of protective measures.
 - Part 1 : General Requirements
 - Part 2: Insulation Requirements
 - Part 3: Loop Requirements
 - Part 4: Continuity Requirements
 - Part 6: RCD Requirements
 - Part 7: Phase Rotation Requirements
 - Part 10: Multifunction Requirements

Marking Explanations



Warning! Refer to manual.



Caution! Voltage present. Risk of Electric Shock.



Earth



Double Insulation



This instrument should be recycled as electronic waste.



User accessible fuse in battery compartment - F0.5A, 500V, HRC 6.3 x 32mm



Prohibited to use for the Electrical System which uses the voltage above 550V.



Conformity to European Standards

CAT III/CAT IV

CAT III Testers are designed to protect against transients and fault currents in fixed equipment installations at the distribution level. Examples are measurements on distribution boards and socket wiring.

CAT IV Testers are designed to protect against transients and fault currents from the primary supply level (overhead or underground utility service). Examples are measurements made before the main fuse or circuit breaker.

Warnings



Read Before Using


- To maintain operator safety use only specified accessories.
- When working on live circuits, use of a proving unit such as the Socket & See SP400 is recommended to establish correct function of the tester.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection by the equipment may be impaired.
- Disconnect from external circuits before removing battery cover.
- Inspect the tester and accessories for damage before use and do not use if damage is found.

Safety

See page 2 for a list of symbols used on the product and in this manual.

A Warning identifies hazardous conditions and actions that could cause bodily harm or death.

A Caution identifies conditions and actions that could damage the instrument or cause permanent loss of data.

  Warnings: Read Before Using

To prevent possible electrical shock, fire, or personal injury:

- Use the product only as specified, or the protection supplied by the product can be compromised.
- Do not use the product around explosive gas, vapour or in damp or wet environments.
- Do not use test leads if they are damaged. Examine the test leads for damaged insulation, exposed metal, or if the wear indicator shows. Check test lead continuity.
- Use only approved accessories such as test leads etc supplied with the instrument. Part numbers of replacement leads on pg 4
- Do not use the product if it is damaged.
- To be repaired by Socket & See authorised agents only.
- Do not apply more than the rated voltage between the terminals or between each terminal and earth ground.
- Remove test leads from the tester before battery cover is removed.
- Do not operate the product with covers removed or the case open. Hazardous voltage exposure is possible.
- Use only specified replacement fuse. Fuse type F0.5A, 500V, HRC 6.3 x 32mm
- Keep fingers behind the finger guards on the probes at all times.
- Connect the common test lead before the live test lead and remove the live test lead before the common test lead.
- Use Personal Protective Equipment (approved rubber gloves, face protection, and flame-resistant clothes) to prevent shock and arc blast injury where hazardous live conductors are exposed.

Unpacking the Tester

Your Socket & See Multifunction Tester comes complete with:

Description	Part No	Qty
Multifunction Tester	Socket & See MFT5000	1
Instruction Manual		1
3 Wire Split Lead Assembly with Probes + Crocodile Clips Brown/Blue/Green	Socket & See DLM PRO LEAD	1
13 Amp Mains Lead to 4mm Connections Brown/Blue/Green	Socket & See PRO LEAD	1
Remote Switch Probe	Socket & See RSP	1
AA LR6 Alkaline Battery		6
Heavy Duty Carry Case	Socket & See MFT CASE	1
Neck Strap	Socket & See MFT STRAP	1
Certificate of Calibration		1

Warranty Registration Card (terms of 3 year warranty on pg 34)

All the parts listed above are included in the carry case.

Operating the Socket & See MFT5000

To insert batteries ensure the instrument is switched off and no test leads are connected. Remove battery cover from base of unit, insert batteries into holder ensuring correct polarity.

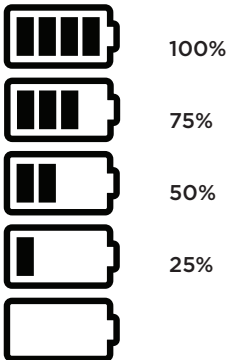


Replace cover.

Always use good quality LR6 AA Alkaline Batteries.

Re-chargeable batteries are not suitable.

Battery power level indicated on the colour display by the symbol.



Please dispose of your batteries carefully.

Batteries are made from important resources and chemicals, including lead, cadmium, zinc, lithium and mercury. If batteries are disposed of as normal waste, they'll be taken to a landfill site and those resources will be lost and will contribute to the pollution of the environment. Recycling is one way you can help the environment and you should dispose of used batteries separately from other waste, using local collection and recycling schemes available.

Overview

Front panel and controls



Top View



Operating the Socket & See MFT5000

All Test Functions are selected by using the main rotary switch.



1. Power off
2. Socket/Polarity Test
3. No Trip Earth Loop Impedance Test
4. High Current Earth Loop Impedance Test
5. 30mA Auto Sequence Type G RCD Test
6. 30mA RCD Test (Manual) Type AC/A
7. 100mA RCD Test (Manual) Type AC/A
8. 300mA RCD Test (Manual) Type AC/A
9. 500mA RCD Test (Manual) Type AC/A
10. 100mA RCD Test (Manual) Type ACS/AS
11. 300mA RCD Test (Manual) Type ACS/AS
12. Phase Rotation Test
13. 1000V Insulation/Resistance Test
14. 500V Insulation/Resistance Test
15. 250V Insulation/Resistance Test
16. Continuity Test

Operating the Socket & See MFT5000

Push Buttons



- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 1. Test Button | - Initiates all selected tests |
| 2. Handsfree | - Handsfree function for Continuity, Insulation & Loop |
| 3. PFC/Loop/RCD Recall | - Prospective fault current value after Loop Test Result lists the last set of RCD Test Data from an Auto Test |
| 4. RCD Multiplier | - Toggles RCD Multiplier value |
| 5. RCD AC/A/Continuity Null | - Nulls the Resistance Value from the Test Leads in use / Toggles between type A/AC RCD |
| 6. Polarity Test Pad | - Unique safety function ensuring correct mains polarity |

Auto power off function

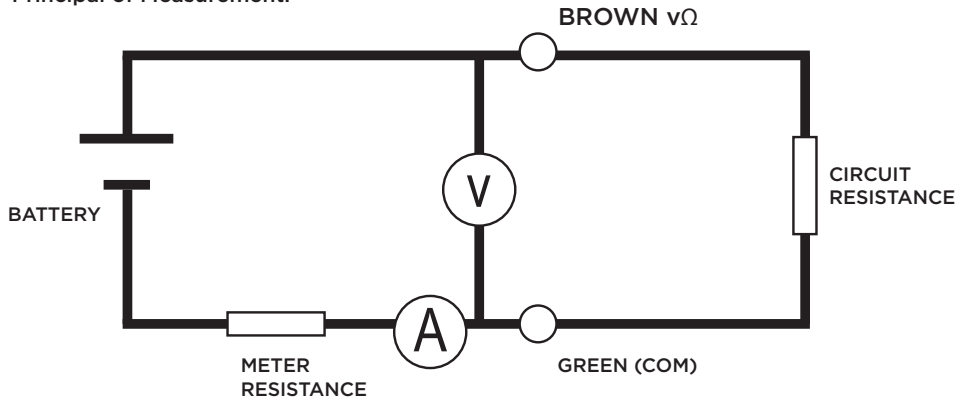
To ensure long battery life the MFT5000 will automatically power off when standing idle for 3 minutes. To power the MFT5000 either return the selector switch to "OFF" and then back to the test selection or simply press any of the four buttons under the display screen.

Test and Measurement Functions

Continuity



Principal of Measurement.



During continuity measurement current flows from battery positive through the Brown (VΩ) lead, external circuit resistance, Green (COM) lead, meter resistance and finally back to the battery negative.

The current and voltage are measured as shown and the external resistance calculated. When the leads have previously been nulled, their resistance is subtracted before displaying the reading.

The purpose of Continuity Testing is to establish the resistance of the circuit under test.

Test Procedure

Insert the brown test lead into the brown input terminal & the blue test lead into the green terminal.

The brown test lead can be substituted by using the red remote test probe supplied. This allows remote activation of the MFT5000 from the safety of the test probe ensuring that you are always looking at the point of contact and not the MFT5000.



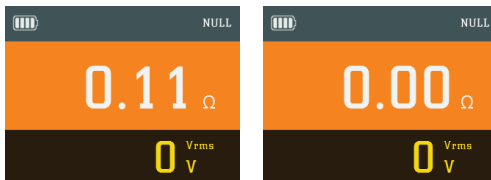
Select continuity on the rotary switch.

Lead Nulling

Test Leads are nulled to ensure accurate resistance values of circuit under test. To achieve this you must null the resistance of the leads in use. Using the croc clips connect the open ends of the test leads together firmly ensuring a good connection, then press continuity null button, the instrument will display the resistance value of the test leads, then press the test button, the display will then show 0.00Ω and your test leads are successfully nulled. The word Null will appear on the display.



IMPORTANT: When connecting the croc clips they must be connected as diagram shown this ensures that the best point of contact is made to give the most accurate resistance value of the leads that will be used for testing



Before Null

After Null

If inserting new or different length leads you must repeat process above.

NOTE: Nulled results will be stored until user reset. To reset simply leave the MFT5000 in continuity mode and open circuit i.e. do not have leads connected. Then press NULL this will then remove the null function. The Socket & See MFT5000 is now correctly set up to perform continuity testing on a circuit.

You can also set up your Socket & See MFT5000 to be used in Handsfree mode on continuity by simply pressing the 'Handsfree' button and then pressing test. Handsfree will flash at the top of the screen to indicate you are on Handsfree mode. To deactivate simply press the 'Handsfree' button again.

Insulation



Measurements shall only be carried out on de-energized circuits.

If the tester is connected to a live circuit (25V or greater), the LED will flash red and the hazard buzzer will sound. Your Socket & See MFT5000 is fully protected but measured RMS voltage will be displayed on the secondary/lower display. Further testing after this point will be inhibited. To resume testing, disconnect the test leads and isolate the circuit.

All equipment and appliances should be disconnected from the circuit under test. Attached equipment may be damaged by the higher voltages applied during testing and may return an artificially low test result.

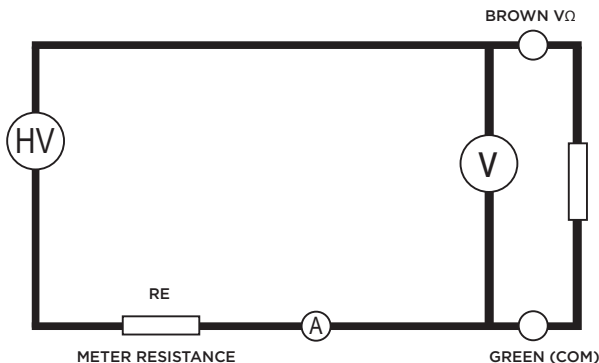
There may be capacitance on the circuit being tested. Your tester will automatically discharge this but do not disconnect the test leads or change tester function until auto-discharge has completed.



Do not touch the ends of the test leads while on the Insulation test functions as they are energised.

Results of measurements can be adversely affected by impedances of additional operating circuits connected in parallel or by transient currents.

Principle of Measurement



During insulation measurement the tester generates a high voltage internally. The positive side of this is connected to Brown (VΩ) lead causing a very small current to flow through the external insulation resistance, Green (COM) lead, meter resistance and finally back to the negative side of the HV generator.

The current and voltage are measured as shown and the external resistance calculated and displayed.

Test Procedure

Insert the brown test lead into the brown input terminal & the blue test lead into the green terminal.

The brown test lead can be substituted by using the red remote test probe supplied. This allows remote activation of the MFT5000 from the safety of the test probe ensuring that you are always looking at the point of contact and not the MFT5000.

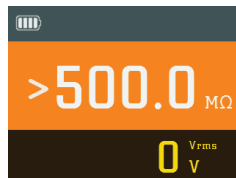
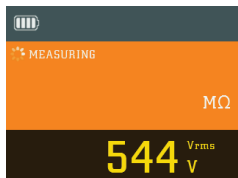


Select insulation on the rotary switch either 250V, 500V, 1000V setting as required.

Connect the brown test lead to the phase conductor and the blue test lead to the other conductor under test and press the test button.

Press the test button, the tester will beep indicating voltage output through the test leads and the circuit under test. The display will indicate output voltage then display the result of test in MΩ. 0V output will indicate if finished and voltage present.

Example Screens



When test is activated the red Voltage/Polarity will flash warning there is voltage on the leads and circuit under Test.

Handsfree

Handsfree Insulation Testing.

To enable the Handsfree feature simply press the 'Handsfree' button once, The 'Handsfree' annunciator will appear flashing on the display and will continue to do so until cancelled by a further press of the 'Handsfree' button or by changing the function selector switch.

When the 'Handsfree' annunciator is flashing a single press of the test button will toggle continuous testing on and off.

Once started a steady beeping tone will be emitted to indicate that measurement is being taken. After a second or two the test result will be displayed in the primary display area and an audible tone will indicate either by a single beep that the result is a value above $2M\Omega$ or by a short 2 tone alarm that the result is a value under $2M\Omega$. The secondary display area will show the terminal voltage being applied.

The tester will continue to take the measurement and any further change to the resistance of the circuit will be indicated by an audible tone as described above and a change of result on the display.

Whilst testing in handsfree mode the red warning LED will flash to warn of the voltage between the prod tips/crocodile clips.

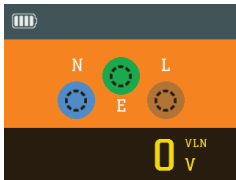
A further single press of the test button will suspend measurement.

Socket Testing

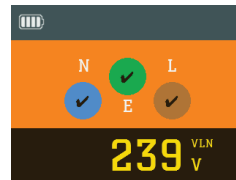
The MFT5000 has a unique feature for testing sockets.

Switch the Rotary Dial to socket, insert the 13A test leads BLUE, GREEN and BROWN into the tester terminals.

Plug the 13AMP plug into the socket under test.



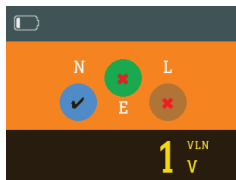
If no voltage present the above will be displayed.



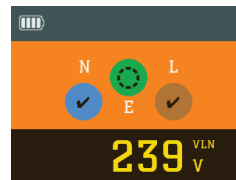
If voltage is present and wiring is correct the above will be displayed. Correct wiring is indicated by a tick in each of the phase colours.

NOTE: A thumb should cover the Polarity Test Pad while the socket test is conducted to correctly diagnose a fault.

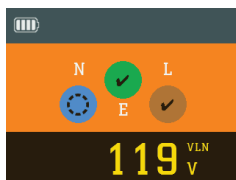
If there is incorrect wiring one of the following screens will be displayed.



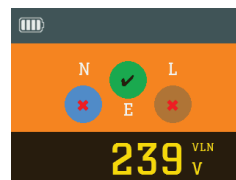
Reversed Live/Earth



Missing Earth



Missing Neutral



Reverse Polarity

Polarity Test Pad



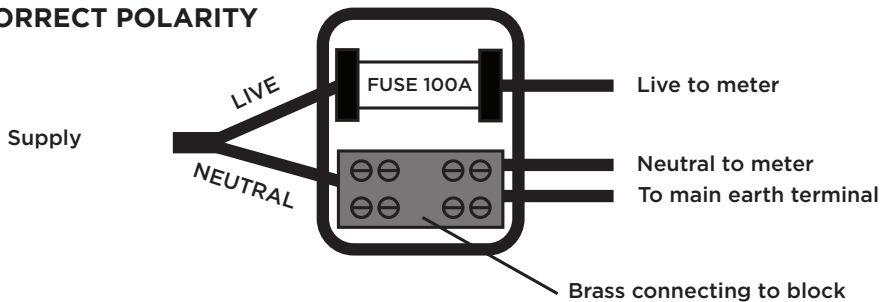
Your Socket & See MFT5000 tester has a special polarity test function.

It is a little known fact that a system can be reverse wired with Live (Phase) to earth/neutral and earth/neutral to Live (Phase) The sockets will all work and conventional loop testers will show and test that everything is correct despite this very dangerous wiring condition.

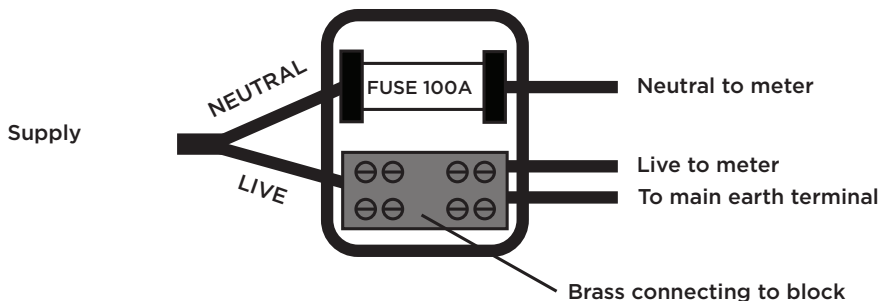
Although extremely rare, this dangerous condition can exist so if your test shows this fault do not proceed - if in any doubt advise your customer to contact their supply company immediately.

Touch the touchpad area next to the test button. There should be no change in the indication given. If the Voltage/Polarity LED flashes Red and a warning tone is emitted when the touchpad is touched a potentially dangerous polarity reversal exists. Do not proceed. If in any doubt advise the customer to contact the electricity supply company immediately.

CORRECT POLARITY



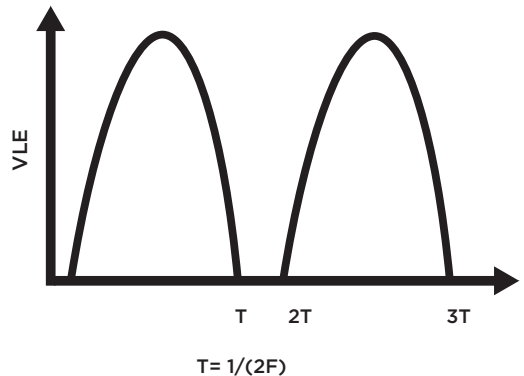
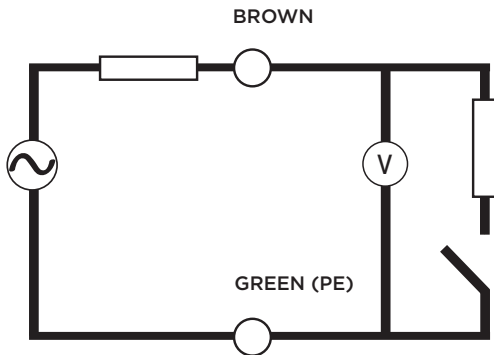
Reverse



Loop Impedance Testing

Principle of Measurement

ZI



Hi-I Line-Earth Loop Measurement Place in several steps:

- The tester measures an unloaded half-cycle of the mains.
- The tester switches in load R_L . This causes the main circuit to be slightly attenuated due to the effective source impedance.
- The tester measures a second half-cycle with the main still loaded.
- The load is removed.

The resistive part of ZI is calculated from the unloaded and loaded half-cycle measurements. Each pair of measurements is taken adjacently to minimize noise and several such pairs may be used for best accuracy.

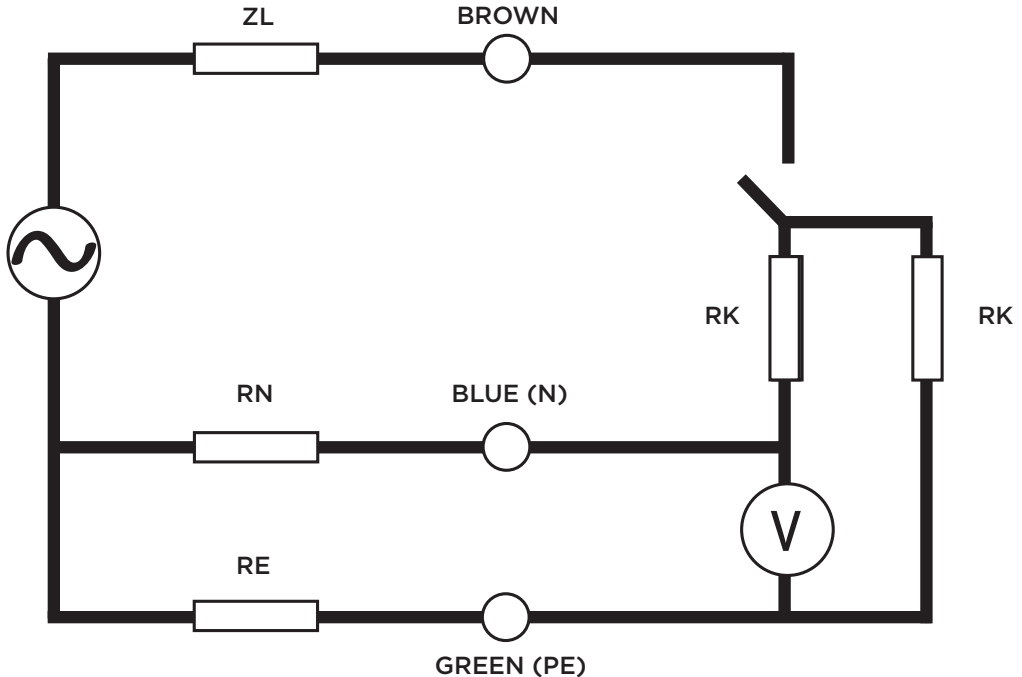
The inductive part of the ZI is calculated from unloaded and loaded half-cycle durations. Any inductance causes a measurable lag in the loaded half-cycle.

NOTE: When testing on a supply with inductance exceeding 1mH or phase angle exceeding 30° accuracy may be reduced.

Loop Impedance Testing

Principle of Measurement - No-Trip

The No-Trip Line-Earth loop range measures the same circuit value ZI using a two-stage technique.



In the first stage the Live-Neutral loop impedance Z_{LN} is measured using the same principle as for Live-Earth loop.

The second stage is similar to Hi-I but operates at a low current to avoid tripping RCDs

  Caution

Although fully protected against over voltage to 550VAC this tester should only be used on a 230V supply.

Important note for calibration check box users: The smart loop test system used by the Socket & See MFT5000 is immune to sudden high value changes such as voltage spikes. As a result when changing calibration or check box loop values the tester or the supply must be switched off between changes of calibration values.

The Socket & See MFT5000 Loop test function has 2 modes for Loop testing that allow the user to conduct the most accurate test possible whether or not the circuit under test is protected by an RCD.

Intermittent Operation

The Socket & See MFT5000 is designed for a large number of loop tests in rapid succession. In the unlikely condition this limit is exceeded a thermometer will be shown on the display until the unit cools down. Testing will be inhibited while the thermometer is shown.

Mains Supply Wiring and Voltage Test

When first connected to a mains supply the Socket & See MFT5000 will automatically conduct a safety test to ensure that the Live, Neutral and Earth conductors are all connected correctly and that the supply voltage is in the acceptable range (207-230V)

If all is well the VOLTAGE/POLARITY warning LED will light Green and the supply voltage will be displayed in the primary display area.

In the event of a problem with either the mains voltage supply or reversed connections the VOLTAGE/POLARITY warning LED will light Red, a warning tone will be sounded and testing will be inhibited.

This condition will be indicated for you safety.

Loop Test Procedures

Handsfree Loop Testing

The Handsfree feature can be used in either No Trip or high current test modes.

To enable the Handsfree feature simply press 'Handsfree' button once, the 'Handsfree' annunciator will appear flashing on the display and will continue to do so until cancelled by a further press of the 'Handsfree' button or by changing the function selector switch.

When the 'Handsfree' annunciator is flashing all you need to do is connect the test lead to a mains supply and the test will be carried out.

High Current Mode

For Ze testing at the distribution board or at any point upstream of RCD protection there is a traditional fast high current test mode. The high current mode is a 2-wire test that enables the user to test the true impedance of both the Line-Neutral Loop and the Line-Earth loop and therefore to establish both the PSC (prospective short circuit current) and the PFC (prospective fault current) for the installation.

Unlike most testers that only measure the resistance of the Loop, the high current mode of the Socket & See MFT5000 will measure the impedance of the Loop which includes an element of reactance. This can be significant where the distribution board is close to the mains supply transformer and is therefore much more accurate than older Loop testing techniques.

You should be aware that because of this there may well be variations in reading compared to ordinary loop testers or to the non-trip function of this tester, particularly when the measurement is made near to the mains supply transformer.

No Trip Mode

For Zs testing where the circuit being tested is protected by an RCD there is the No Trip Loop Test mode. In this mode testing can be made at sockets on the final circuit without fear of tripping the RCD under normal circumstances.

This is achieved by testing at a current that is too low to trip an RCD on an otherwise healthy circuit. The No Trip test is a 3-wire test that also checks the Live, Neutral/Earth conductors are correctly connected before running the loop test.

Note- if there is abnormal standing leakage current on the circuit such as a faulty Microwave Cooker for example then this abnormal leakage is added to low current used for the above test and the RCD may trip.

However this can be seen as an advantage since it is pointing to a faulty appliance that should be rectified or replaced.

Whilst No-Trip testing at points on the final circuit will normally function with a high level of accuracy, it should be noted that the low current measurement technique used is more likely to be adversely affected by external factors such as noise on the mains supply.

Circumstances such as testing at seldom used socket outlets with tarnished contacts or testing a circuit with a lot of background noise from electronic apparatus can result in the occasional erroneous reading.

For this reason it is recommended that multiple measurements are made when using the No-trip mode and any isolated odd results are ignored. When taking multiple readings the tester should be disconnected from the supply between consecutive tests.

For safety reasons the No-Trip mode is recommended for all measurements made on TT systems.

Where practical all other equipment powered by the same circuit should be switched off before testing. This will reduce the chances of the RCD tripping as a result of combined leakages.

PFC/PSC

In both Loop test mode the Socket & See MFT5000 will also display the supply voltage and at the touch of the PFC button the PFC/PSC depending on being connected L-E or L-N will be displayed.

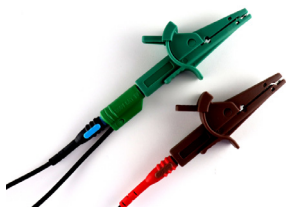
Test Lead Configuration

The Socket & See MFT5000 Loop test function can be used with 2 types of connecting lead. It is important to understand and use the correct lead configuration for each test mode or you may not obtain the correct results.

Lead Options

Socket & See SOC/PROLEAD mains lead with 3 x 4mm plug to 13A plug
Socket & See SOC/DLMPROLEAD 3-pole distribution board test lead set that can be fitted with either prod tips or crocodile clips as required.

2 Wire lead configuration Brown (live) Blue(neutral) Green (earth) The neutral is inserted into the back of the earth lead to give a combined contact for 2 wire test method.



The brown test lead can be substituted by using the red remote test probe supplied. This allows remote activation of the MFT5000 from the safety of the test probe ensuring that you are always looking at the point of contact and not the MFT5000.

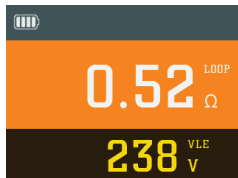
High Current Test (Ze)

The high current should only be conducted with the distribution board test lead set Socket & See SOC/DLMPROLEAD configured in 2 wire mode. Do not use this function with the Socket & See mains lead SOC/DLMPROLEAD or the distribution lead set in 3-wire configuration.

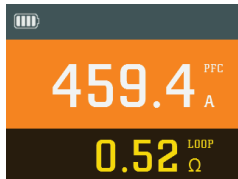
Rotate the function selector to the HIGH I position.

Connect the test lead probes to the circuit under test and press the test button.

The result will be shown in the primary display and the mains voltage will be shown in the secondary display.



Press the PFC/LOOP button to show the PFC/PSC in the primary display depending on being connected L-E or L-N and the impedance in the secondary display area.



NOTE: The reading described here as PFC/PSC will be the prospective fault current for the circuit being immediately tested. This is known as PSC in the case of a test between Live and Neutral or PEFC for a test between Live and Earth conductors.

BS 7671 calls for an IPF value to be recorded, this is the higher of the PSC and PFC as described above.

No Trip Loop Test (Zs)

Connect the brown, blue and green test leads to the corresponding output terminals on the tester.



The brown test lead can be substituted by using the red remote test probe supplied. This allows remote activation of the MFT5000 from the safety of the test probe ensuring that you are always looking at the point of contact and not the MFT5000.



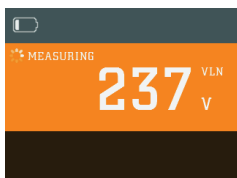
If testing the loop impedance at a socket plug in the 13amp plug and switch on the power.

NOTE: The circuit under test must be live to conduct loop testing
The test will be inhibited if the wiring has incorrect polarity on the circuit under test.

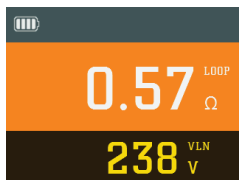
Rotate the function selector switch to 'NO TRIP'
Connect the test lead to the socket/circuit under test.

Providing that the connections are correct and the supply voltage is within the correct range the VOLTAGE/POLARITY LED will light Green, the Socket & See MFT5000 will start taking some background measurements and will display the Line Neutral supply voltage

Voltage will be displayed. Then press the test button. The screen will show a symbol and the word measuring.



The result of the test will be shown in the primary display.



A single press of the PFC/Loop button will toggle the display so that the PFC is shown in the primary display and the impedance in the secondary display. A further press will toggle the results between the primary and secondary displays.



The leads are an integral part of the tester set-up and should accompany the tester when being returned for re-calibration or service. Do not use any other type of mains lead or test lead set.

RCD

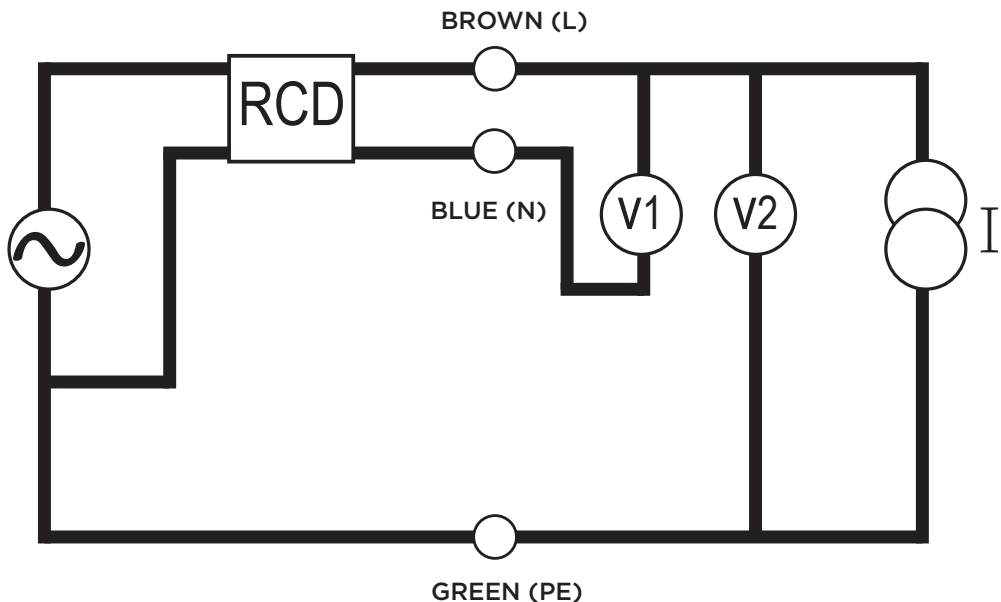


Leakage currents in the circuit following the residual current protection device may influence the measurements.

Potential fields of other earthing installations may influence the measurement.

Special conditions in S-type residual current protective devices shall be taken into consideration.

Equipment connected downstream of a residual current protective device (RCD) may cause considerable extension of the operating time. Examples of such equipment might be connected capacitors or running motors.



Principle of Measurement - $x1/2$, $x1$, $x5$

During normal RCD test an earth leakage current I is applied to unbalance the RCD. During application of the current, V_{LN} is monitored using voltmeter V1 for an RCD trip signature. When trip occurs, the time from application of the earth leakage current to the trip is calculated and displayed.

Additionally, V_{LE} is measured using voltmeter V2 to monitor Fault Voltage. If excessive Fault Voltage is detected, testing is aborted and a warning is displayed. This detection uses the actual Fault Voltage occurring during the test and not the predicted fault voltage at the rated residual current.

Application of the current is limited in duration. If no trip is detected during the application, an over range reading is displayed. Note: when testing at $x1/2$, no trip is a PASS.

Principle of Measurement – Ramp

During RCD Ramp testing, the earth leakage current starts at 20% of RCD rated current and increases by 10% of RCD rated current every 300ms up to a maximum of 110%. For example a 30mA Ramp test runs from 6mA to 33mA. The trip time is measured as in the normal case and the trip level calculated from it.

RCD Test Function



Although fully protected against over voltage to 550VAC this tester should only be used on a 230V supply.

The Socket & See MFT5000 will test all the most commonly encountered Standard and Selective type AC and Type A RCDs across the full range of tests required by BS 7671.

Test Requirements

Each RCD is tested to ensure that:

- It is not prone to 'nuisance' tripping as does not trip when a fault of half its rated current is introduced. This is referred to as the x½ test.
- It operates with a maximum disconnection time of 300ms (AC / A type) when a fault at its rated current is introduced. This is referred to as the x1 test.
- In the case of an RCD rated at 30mA it is tested to ensure that it operates with a maximum disconnection time of 40ms when a fault of five times its rated current is introduced. This is referred to as the x5 test.

For the reasons explained below all of the above tests have to be conducted at both 0° and 180° this means that four tests (or for 30mA RCD's six tests) have to be made for each RCD.

The user friendly design of the Socket & See MFT5000 simplifies the test process by enabling you to do any of these tests by making just two function selections.

Sinusoidal Polarity (the 0° or 180° test)

RCD's often operate with different reaction times depending upon whether the fault is introduced during the positive or negative half cycle of the AC waveform. Therefore to accurately determine the maximum response time of an RCD it is necessary to test it twice at each given fault current, firstly with the fault introduced during the positive half cycle and secondly during the negative half cycle.

The Socket & See MFT5000 takes care of this for you by alternating the start point of consecutive tests at any given setting. If for example you have selected a test at the rated trip current (x1) of a 100mA RCD, the first press of the test button will apply a 100mA fault current starting on the positive half cycle (0°) and display the result. A further press of the test button will carry out another test at the same current but starting on the negative half cycle (180°).

Test Leads

Where testing is to be conducted at a point on the circuit other than a socket outlet the distribution board test lead set Socket & See SOC/DLMPROLEAD is used in 3-wire mode as described in the previous chapter. The probes can be fitted with either prod tips or crocodile clips as required.

Mains Supply Wiring and Voltage Test

When first connected to a mains supply the Socket & See MFT5000 will automatically conduct a safety test to ensure that the Live, Neutral/Earth conductors are correctly connected and that the supply voltage is in the acceptable range of 207-253V.

If all is well the VOLTAGE/POLARITY warning LED will light Green and the supply voltage will be displayed in the primary display area.

In the event of a problem with either the mains voltage supply or reversed connections the VOLTAGE/POLARITY warning LED will light Red, a warning tone will be sounded and testing will be inhibited.

RCD Test Procedure

Select the type and rating of the RCD to be tested with the rotary function selector switch and RCD AC/A button.

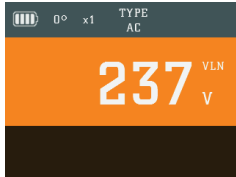
Connect the 4mm plugs of the chosen test lead to the corresponding L, N & E terminals of the Socket & See MFT5000 and connect the other end to the socket or circuit terminals under test.

If using the distribution board test lead set Socket & See SOC/DLMPROLEAD observe the correct polarity by connecting the Brown probe to the Live conductor, Blue to Neutral and Green to Earth.

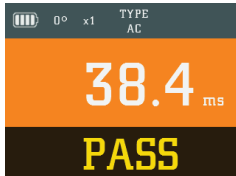
User Selected Test

The recommended order of tests is firstly at $\frac{1}{2}x$ the rated current followed by a test at the rated current and finally, for 30mA RCD's only, 5x the rated current.

The default test parameters of $x\frac{1}{2}$ $x1$ $x5$ for the current multiplier and 0° for the phase polarity will be automatically selected for the first test. These will be displayed on the LCD along with the Live-Neutral voltage.



Press the test button and a test will be conducted at these settings. If successful and the RCD has failed to trip a single beep will sound and the main display will be similar to this example



Automatic Test

For the most commonly encountered 30mA RCD the test process is even simpler. Just turn the rotary selector to the 30mA AUTO select type A or AC using the RCD AC/A button' setting and the Socket & See MFT5000 will conduct all six required tests at a single touch of a button. Then when the RCD under test "trips" reset the RCD and continue to do so until the test procedure is complete then return to your MFT5000 where all results will be displayed on one screen.

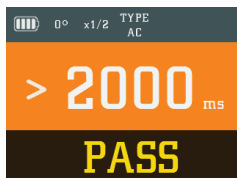
The image shows the LCD screen displaying a table of test results. The table has six rows, each representing a different test configuration. The columns are: Current Multiplier, Phase Angle, Trip Time, and Result. The results for all tests shown are 'PASS'.

Current Multiplier	Phase Angle	Trip Time	Result
30mA x1/2	0°	>2000ms	PASS
30mA x1/2	180°	>2000ms	PASS
30mA x1	0°	38.0ms	PASS
30mA x1	180°	38.4ms	PASS
30mA x5	0°	38.0ms	PASS
30mA x5	180°	38.0ms	PASS

Pass or Fail Result

In addition to displaying the time taken for the RCD to trip the Socket & See MFT5000 will also indicate whether it has passed or failed the test requirement of BS 7671.

The main display shows that the fault current was supplied for over 2000 milliseconds (2 seconds) without tripping the RCD. The secondary display confirms that this passes the requirements of BS7671.



In the event of the RCD failing the test and tripping within 2 seconds at half the rated current the main display will show the trip time and the secondary display will show 'FAIL'. A short 2 tone alert will also sound.



After displaying the result for a few seconds the tester will switch to the 180° phase polarity setting in readiness for the next test.

When both tests have been conducted at the $x\frac{1}{2}$ setting press the multiplier button to change the test current to the x1 setting.

Press the test button to conduct a test at the x1 setting a 0°. The result will be shown as a pass if RCD trips within 300ms. After displaying the result for a few seconds the tester will switch to the 180° phase polarity setting in readiness for the second test at the x1 current setting.

If the 30mA setting has been selected at the x5 current option will be available by using the multiplier button. This option is not available or required for other ratings.

Ramp Test

The Socket & See MFT5000 also includes a diagnostic Ramp test feature. In this mode rather than applying a steady fault current and measuring the time taken for the RCD to trip, the

Socket & See MFT5000 gradually increases the fault current and identifies the level of additional leakage at which the RCD trips.

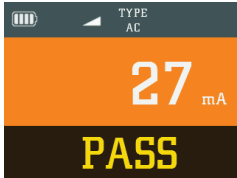
This is particularly useful in diagnostic testing of circuits where nuisance tripping is a problem and helps to identify the difference between an over sensitive RCD and excessive leakage from poor insulation or equipment with high leakage.

Use the rotary switch to select the rating of the RCD.

Select AC or A using the A/AC button.

Press the RCD multiplier button until the \blacktriangle Ramp symbol is displayed.

Press the test button to start the test. The fault current applied will increment in 3mA steps until the RCD trips.



If nuisance tripping on a circuit is a problem this function can be used to retest the RCD with other appliances systematically connected and removed.

For example a 30mA RCD may trip at 12mA on ramp test with an appliance connected and then at 27mA with the appliance removed. You will know that the appliance is leaking approximately 15mA.

Phase Rotation

Principle of Measurement

During phase rotation measurement the amplitudes and phase angles of the three inputs L1 L2 L3 are checked against limits, allowing for mild unbalance conditions. The indication 1-2-3 is displayed for normal rotation (L2 lags L1) and 3-2-1 for reverse rotation (L2 leads L1).

Display of Phase rotation is Automatic when all three test leads are connected to the 3 phase supply as below:

Set the main rotary switch phase

Using three test leads, connect test leads to the L1 to Phase 1, L2 to Phase 2 and L3 to Phase

The Socket & See MFT5000 will display .1 .2 .3 or .1 .3 .2 depending on the direction of phase rotation.



Warning

Only use LR6 Alkaline replacement batteries.

Please dispose of your batteries carefully.

Batteries are made from important resources and chemicals, including lead, cadmium, zinc, lithium and mercury. If batteries are disposed of as normal waste, they'll be taken to a landfill site and those resources will be lost and will contribute to the pollution of the environment. Recycling is one way you can help the environment and you should dispose of used batteries separately from other waste, using local collection and recycling schemes available.

General Specifications

Dimensions	H 115mm W 245mm D 140mm
Weight (With Batteries)	965g
Battery Type	6 x AA / LR6 Alkaline
Battery Life (Typical)	Idling : 13.5 hours ¹ Insulation according to BS EN61557-2: 1008 tests Continuity according to BS EN61557-4: 960 tests
Protective Device	F0.5A, 500V, HRC 6.3 x 32mm
LCD Display	TFT (Thin-Film-Transistor) Colour LCD 3.5" Diagonal 320xRGBx240 pixels
Category Rating	300V CAT IV 600V CAT III
Ingress Protection Rating	IP54
Operating Temperature	0°C to 40°C
Storage Temperature	-10°C to 60°C
Operating Humidity	80% @ 31°C to 50% @ 40 °C
Operating Altitude	0 to 2000m

Measurement Specifications and Accuracies

Loop / PFC-PSC

High Current

2 wire test Live - Earth or Phase - Phase, 7A nominal at 230V.

Measurement Range	Accuracy	System Voltage Range	System Voltage Frequency	Over Voltage Protection (BS EN 61557-10)
0.00 Ω to 500.0 Ω	± (3% + 3 digits)	100 - 440 V ac	50-60 Hz	550

No Trip

3 wire test Live-Earth, 13 mA nominal at 230V, max 5Ω Neutral impedance.

Measurement Range	Accuracy	System Voltage Range	System Voltage Frequency	Over Voltage Protection (BS EN 61557-10)
0.00 Ω to 500.0 Ω	± (5% + 5 digits)	195 - 253 V ac	50-60 Hz	550 V

Insulation

Test Voltage	Measurement Range	Accuracy	Short Circuit Current (into 2K Ω)	Over Voltage Protection (BS EN 61557-10)
250 V	0.001 to 200.0 M Ω	\pm (3% + 2 digits + 10%/G Ω)	< 2 mA	550 V
500 V	0.001 to 500.0 M Ω	\pm (3% + 2 digits + 5%/G Ω)	< 2 mA	550 V
1000 V	0.001 to 1000 M Ω	\pm (3% + 2 digits + 2.5%/G Ω)	< 2 mA	550 V

Output Voltage

Voltage	Load	Accuracy	Output Current	Short Circuit Current (into 2K Ω)
250 V	250 k Ω	-0% +20%	1 mA	<2 mA
500 V	500 k Ω	-0% +20%	1 mA	< 2 mA
1000 V	1 M Ω	-0% +20%	1 mA	< 2 mA

Continuity

Measurement Range	Accuracy	Open Circuit	Short Circuit Current (at 2 Ω)	Max Lead Null Resistance	Over Voltage Protection
0.00 Ω to 19.99 k Ω	\pm (3% + 2 digits)	> 4 V < 10 V	> 200 mA	4 Ω	550 V Fused

RCD

System Voltage Range	System Voltage Frequency	Nominal Currents (mA)	Fault / Touch Voltage	Trip Time Accuracy	Over Voltage Protection (BS EN 61557-10)
195 – 253 V ac	50-60 Hz	30, 100, 300, 500	50 V	± (1% + 1ms)	550 V

Accuracy at Applied Test Current

Test Current	Accuracy
½	+0% -10%
x 1	+10% -0%
x5 (30mA only)	+10% -0%
▲ (Ramp)	± 5% of rated I _N

Ramp characteristics: 20% to 110% of rated I_N in 10% steps (300ms dwell time)

Operating Ranges and Uncertainties

Function	Display Range	EN 61557 Measurement Range	EN 61557 Operating Uncertainty	Nominal Values
Insulation Resistance EN 61557-2	0.001 MΩ - 1000MΩ	0.1MΩ – 1000MΩ	1.6%	U _N = 250 / 500 / 1000 V dc I _N = 1.0 mA
Loop Impedance EN 61557-3	0.01Ω - 500Ω	1.04Ω - 470Ω	Hi-I: 4.8%	U _N = 230/400 V ac f = 50/60 Hz
			No-Trip: 10.8%	
Continuity EN 61557-4	0.00Ω – 20kΩ	0.1Ω - 10kΩ	12%	4.0 V dc < U _Q < 24 V dc R _{LO} ≤ 2.00Ω I _N ≥ 200 mA
RCD EN 61557-6	ΔT : 5ms – 2000ms	ΔT : 38.2ms – 214.8ms	ΔT : 2.8%	I _{ΔN} = 30 / 100 / 300 / 500 mA
	I _{ΔN} -	I _{ΔN} : 15mA – 500mA	I _{ΔN} : 7.2%	

Operating Uncertainties

Influence Quantity	Insulation Resistance R _{ISO} EN 61557-2	Loop Impedance Z _l EN 61557-3	Continuity R _{LO} EN 61557-4	RCD ΔT EN 61557-6	RCD I _{ΔN} EN 61557-6
A – Intrinsic Uncertainty	0.8%	0.9%	1%	1.5%	5.6%
E₁ – Position	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
E₂ – Supply Voltage	1.0%	0.8%	10%	1.2%	0.3%
E₃ - Temperature	0.8%	4.9%	0.7%	2.0%	2.1%
E₆ – System Phase Angle	-	2.4%	-	-	-
E₇ – System Frequency	-	0.4%	-	-	-
E₈ – System Voltage	-	1.4%	-	1.5%	0.6%
E₉ – System Harmonics	-	0.8%	-	-	-
E₁₀ – System D.C Quantities	-	8.4%	-	-	-

LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

The Socket & See MFT5000 Multifunction Tester includes a free 3 year warranty against any manufacturing defects. This warranty does not cover claims arising from misuse, abuse, accidental damage or user error.

Socket & See

Tel: 01782 567096

Fax: 01782 567095

Email: info.socketandsee.co.uk

Web: www.socketandsee.co.uk

MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

If required, clean with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Do not use abrasives or solvents.

With the exception of the batteries there are no user serviceable parts.

Contact Socket and See for parts and technical assistance.

Socket & See

Tel: 01782 567096

Fax: 01782 567095

Email: info.socketandsee.co.uk

Web: www.socketandsee.co.uk

Ordering Information	
Socket & See MFT5000 Multifunction Installation Tester	SOC/MFT5000
Socket & See Remote Probe	SOC/REMOTE PROBE
Socket & See DLMPROLEAD 3 Wire Non-Fuse	SOC/DLMPROLEAD
Socket & See PRO LEAD Mains Lead inc 3 x 4mm Connectors	SOC/PROLEAD
Socket & See DNODMM Digital Multimeter	SOC/DNODMM
Socket & See LTKIT10 Lamp Test Adaptor Kit	SOC/LTKIT10
Socket & See CB400 Non-Trip Checkbox	SOC/CB400
Socket & See VIP150 Voltage Tester	SOC/150
Socket & See SP400 Proving Unit	SOC/SP400
Socket & See VVD PRO Non-Contact Voltage Detector	SOC VVDPRO



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